- WAC 246-827-0430 Forensic blood draws—Standards of practice.
- (1) Any medical assistant-certified or medical assistant-phlebotomist certified under this chapter who performs a forensic blood draw must do so in accordance with the rules governing delegation and supervision in WAC 246-827-0110 and 246-827-0420, as well as the standards of practice for a medical assistant in Washington state. Forensic blood draws by medical assistant-certified or medical assistant-phlebotomist are not limited to specific settings and must comply with the standards of practice described in this section.
- (2) A medical assistant-phlebotomist or medical assistant-certified meets the supervision requirements to perform a blood draw at the direction of a law enforcement officer if either:
- (a) The medical assistant's supervising health care practitioner delegates the blood draw; or
- (b) The blood draw is performed under the supervising health care practitioner's protocol for blood draws as provided in RCW 18.360.060.
- (3) As provided in RCW 18.130.410, it is not professional misconduct for a medical assistant-certified or medical assistant-phlebotomist to collect a blood sample without consent under direction of law enforcement pursuant to a search warrant or under exigent circumstances; however, nothing relieves a medical provider from professional discipline arising from the use of improper procedures or from failing to exercise the required standard of care.
- (4) RCW 46.61.508 sets forth the circumstances under which medical assistants-certified and medical assistants-phlebotomist are immune from civil and criminal liability when conducting a lawful forensic blood draw at the direction of a law enforcement officer. This protection does not extend to civil liability arising from the use of improper procedures or failing to exercise the required standard of care.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 18.360.030, 18.360.040, and 18.360.070. WSR 17-15-075, \S 246-827-0430, filed 7/14/17, effective 8/14/17.]